in information systems, review of accounts etc. Follow up action in this regard has been taken by RBI and the commercial banks from time to time.

(d) and (e) The information is being collected and to the extent available will be laid on the Table of the House.

Misappropriation of reward money by Customs in Karnataka

3248. SHRIMATI KAMLA SINHA:
DR. BAPU KALDATE:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that an amount of more than Rs. 1 crore of reward money was misappropriated by certain Customs Officials by planting an informer in a gold seizure by the Customs Department near Gangoli village of west coast of Karnataka some time in April, 1988;

(b) whether it is also a fact the a CBI inquiry was conducted into the misappropriation of reward money;

(c) if so, what is the outcome thereof; and

(d) what action has been taken by Government against those found involved in the misappropriation of reward money?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI RAMESHWAR THAKUR): (a) to (d) The matter is under verification by the C.B.I.

Impact of New Economic Policy on the Poor

3249. SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the new economic policy is going to have an adverse effect on the gains made by the poverty elimination programme;

(b) if so, what is the reaction of Government thereto and what is the proposal so that the poor may not get adversely affected; and

(c) what are the measures taken in the new economic policy for primary education, basic health care, family planning and for the improvement of the living conditions of the poor people including earning opportunities for them?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI RAMESHWAR THAKUR): (a) to (c) No, Sir, The new economic Policy which mainly relates to structural adjustment in industrial and trade policies would not in any way dilute the gains made by the poverty alleviation programme as there is no change in the policy with regard to poverty alleviation programmes. In fact, in the Eighth Plan, a higher percentage of total public sector outlay of 7.93 per cent for rural development and 18.2 per cent for social services has been made as against 5.04 per cent and 16.31 per cent respectively in the Seventh Plan.

Psychotropic drug menace in Madhya Pradesh

3250. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that psychotropic drugs menace is increasing day by day in the State of Madhya Pradesh;

(b) if so, what is the number of persons arrested in the State during the last three years for drug peddling and the quantity of such drugs seized in the State durng the said period;

(c) what is the number of persons prosecuted for drug peddling in the State during the last three years;

(d) whether de-addiction centres have been opened to reform the drug addicts in the State by Government and voluntary organisation; and

(e) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI RAMESHWAR THAKUR): (a) No, Sir.

(b) There has been no seizure of Psychotropic drugs, viz. Amphetamine,

Methaqualone (Mandrax) etc. during the years 1989, 1990 & 1991 in the State of Madhya Pradesh. There is no arrest on this account during this period. However, the number of persons arrested in respect of drugs other than Psychotropic drugs are 94, 47 and 66 during the last three years. The quantity of such drugs seized is as under:

Drugs (in Kgs.)	1989	1990	1991
Opium	1109	676	711
Morphine	1	—	2
Heroin	6	6	53
Ganja	147	8	21
Hashish	—	—	1

(c) There has been no prosecution in respect of cases of Psychotropic drugs. However, number of fresh prosecutions launched in respect of cases other than psychotropic drugs are 76, 75 and 50 during 1989, 1990 and 1991 respectively.

(d) Yes, Sir.

(e) As per the directory of Voluntary Organisations funded by Government of India , Ministry of Welfare as on 31.3.1991, there are two regular de-addiction centres in the State of Madhya Pradesh i.e.:

(1) Navjeevan De-addiction & Rehabilitation Centre, Gandhi Bhawan, Shyamla Hill, Bhopal.

(2) De-addiction centre, Prem Kumari Devi Hospital, Camp, Biyabani, Indore.

There is also a De-addiction ward in the Cencer Hospital located in Gwalior.

Foreign Assistance

3251. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what is the amount of loan and assistance sought by Government from the World Bank, International Monetary Fund, Japan, U.K. and other countries during the Finance Minister's recent visit abroad with details thereof;

(b) what is the amount of loan and assistance the country is likely to receive from these institutions and countries during the current financial year and also in future with details thereof;

(c) what are the terms and conditions of the loans and assistance; and

(d) what is the manner in which Government propose to meet the obligations of these loans and assistance?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI RAMESHWAR THAKUR): (a) The Finance Minister's visits to the U.K. and Germany were in connection with matters of mutual bilateral interest, and to Washington D.C. in connection with the annual meetings of the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank.

(b) The assistance and loans likely to be receoved by India are finalised at the Aid India Consortium organised annually by the World Bank. The commitments made at the last Consortium meeting in June, 1992 are given in the attached statement [*see* below].

(c) The terms and conditions of the assistance are agreed upon individually with the concerned donor countries and institutions.

(d) The loans will be repaid on due dates according to the terms and conditions of each loan agreement.